

Ogilvy Street, Peakhurst NSW 2210 Phone: 9153 9767 | Fax: 9584 1476 www.peakhurstw-p.schools.nsw.edu.au

### **Public Speaking Competition**

Tuesday 25 July 2023

Dear Parents and Carers,

This term, students will be required to prepare and deliver a speech to the class as part of the Oral Language and Communication, Vocabulary and Creating Written Texts components of our English Syllabus. From these class speeches, students will then be chosen to participate in the whole school Public Speaking competition.

Speeches must be prepared at home as part of your child's homework and are due in Week 7, week beginning Monday 28 August 2023

Students will also be required to deliver an impromptu speech and these will be practised in class.

Timeline of Speeches:

Week 7 – week of 28 August. Class competition: Prepared speech and impromptu

Week 8 – week of 4 September. Stage competition – class finalists

Week 10, Tuesday 18 September. Whole school competition– Stage finalists (Parents Welcome)

Kind regards,

Rebecca Ingram Principal Nathan Sloan Public Speaking Coordinator

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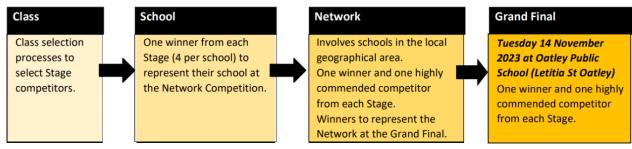


The School Performance South Primary Schools Public Speaking Competition 2023

### PARENT INFORMATION

The following information provides an overview of the competition in which your child is participating. If you have any queries related to the information provided, please contact your child's class teacher in the first instance who will then direct you to the public speaking coordinator at the school or your school Principal if further clarity is required.

### How does the competition work?



### What will the students be doing?

- All competitors are required to deliver both a prepared and an impromptu speech at <u>every level</u> of the competition.
- Both the prepared and impromptu speeches are given equal consideration (50% each) for the overall marking at every level of the competition, including Early Stage 1.

PART 1: Prepared Speech	PART 2: Impromptu Speech
<ul> <li>Early Stage 1 (Kindergarten) = 1 minute</li> </ul>	• Early Stage 1 (Kindergarten) = 30 seconds
<ul> <li>Stage 1 (Years 1 and 2) = 2 minutes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stage 1 (Years 1 and 2) = 1 minute</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Stage 2 (Years 3 and 4) = 3 minutes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stage 2 (Years 3 and 4) = 1 minute</li> </ul>
• Stage 3 (Year 5 and 6) = 4 minutes	<ul> <li>Stage 3 (Years 5 and 6) = 2 minutes</li> </ul>
✓ Should be persuasive in nature.	✓ Should be persuasive in nature.
<ul> <li>Prepared speeches may be modified between</li> </ul>	✓ Kindergarten impromptu will be based on an
levels of the competition in terms of content and	object and they will have 2 minutes of
structure but the topic needs to remain the same.	preparation time.
✓ Speech topics are not to come from, or be related	✓ Impromptus for Stages 1, 2 and 3 will be based
to, those of the Multicultural Perspectives Public	on a phrase or single word chosen by the
Speaking Competition for the current year.	adjudicator on the day and students are able to
<ul> <li>Microphones will not be available.</li> </ul>	interpret it as they wish. They will have 5
✓ No external aids or props.	minutes of preparation time.
<ul> <li>Two bells will be rung at the conclusion of the</li> </ul>	✓ Palm cards will be provided for Stages 1, 2 and 3.
time to indicate that the speaker's time has	<ul> <li>Bells will not be used at the conclusion of time</li> </ul>
expired. A continuous bell will be rung 30 seconds	in the impromptu section. A continuous bell will
after the completion time.	be rung 30 seconds after the completion time.
<ul> <li>Palm cards should be used:</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Early Stage 1 and Stage 1 – no larger than a</li> </ul>	
quarter of an A4 page	
• Stages 2 and 3 – no larger than an eighth of an	
A4 page.	

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#### What makes a great speech?

These aspects need to be considered when constructing and presenting both the prepared and impromptu speech:

speed			
		Manner refers to the presentation of the speech. The key to good manner is to be natural. Acting,	
		singing, dancing and competitor introduced props are not allowed.	
		Parts of manner include:	
	¥	• Eve Contact – Speakers should look at the whole audience by focusing on audience members in	
8	ma	different areas of the room for a short period of time. Palm cards should always be used but as	
MANNER	he	little as possible should be written on them. Speakers are encouraged to use palm cards, not	
	f tl	pieces of paper. Speakers should not read their speeches; they should deliver them.	
	20% of the mark	• Stance – Speakers should be comfortable but should not do anything that distracts from what	
	20	they are saying.	
		• Voice – Speakers should modulate tone, expression, volume and speed without appearing	
		unnatural. They should not force their words or yell at the audience.	
		<u>Gesture</u> – Gestures should be natural and not planned.	
	Matter refers to the content in the speech. Speeches should be as original as possible. Each		
		speech should have a key argument or point of view. Speeches must be of a persuasive nature	
		and not simply sequential information about a topic.	
		<b>Topic Selection:</b> Speakers should choose a topic that they feel very strongly about so that they	
		can speak with sincerity. They should choose topics that will be of interest to the audience.	
		• Early Stage 1 and Stage 1 students can choose relatively simplistic topics such as pets, holidays,	
		family members, etc.	
		• <u>Stage 2</u> students can also choose relatively simplistic topics but they should be encouraged to	
		talk about other people considering a broader context such as a community or national focus.	
		Their entire speech should not just be about themselves.	
		• <u>Stage 3</u> students should state their point of view and then be encouraged to link their ideas to	
		an issue or problem in society such as the environment, war, poverty, etc. They should be	
	¥	linking ideas to other people and the world in general for their entire speech.	
	nar	<b>Message:</b> Each speech must have an overall persuasive argument. Speakers should incorporate	
R	le r	their own point of view so that their speech does not become an information report. The speaker	
MATTER	of th	should make his/her opinions clear and they should leave the audience with something to think	
M/	%	Message: Each speech must have an overall persuasive argument. Speakers should incorpo their own point of view so that their speech does not become an information report. The sp should make his/her opinions clear and they should leave the audience with something to t about.	
	40	• In Early Stage 1 and Stage 1 the message can be relatively simplistic.	
		In Stage 2 speakers are encouraged to justify their opinion.	
		• In Stage 3 speakers should also justify their opinions but their message should be more	
		profound and more specifically linked across a wider world view.	
		Arguments: Speakers should support their opinions with several reasons and ideas. Persuasive	
		points made should be logical and well-explained.	
		<b>Examples:</b> Speakers should support and prove their arguments and ideas with examples. An	
		example in public speaking refers to people, places and events that have happened in the real	
		world and that have been reported. Students should aim for their examples to be on or more of	
		the following: real, recent, reported, reasonable and relevant.	
		Language: Students should understand, be familiar with, and be able to correctly pronounce the	
		language contained in their speeches. A good speech will avoid: slang, informal language,	
		interjections like 'yuck', incorrect grammatical structure, incorrect pronunciation, mumbling.	

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1. Beginning 2. Middle Development (arguments and examples) 3. Conclusion. Beginning: There are three ways to begin a speech: • Story – must be relevant to the speech as a whole • <u>Statement</u> – should be interesting and thought provoking Question – must be answered at some point in the speech • 10% of the mark A speaker should never start a speech by introducing themselves or their topic e.g. 'I'm Joe Bloggs and today I'm going to talk about ...' METHOD **Middle Development** The way the speech is developed will depend on the speaker's purpose and personality. This part of the speech should be linked to the introduction in a logical and interesting way. It should also contain ideas and examples that support the topic and purpose of the speech and are linked to each other. This is the part of the speech where the speaker 'gets key messages and arguments across to the audience'. Planning this section carefully is very important so that the speech sounds convincing and spontaneous. Conclusion

Method refers to how a speech is organised and includes:

This is the climax of the speech. The conclusion should be explicit and concise and linked in style and content to the introduction. It sums up the speech's subject and purpose. For the conclusion, speakers should again make the points of their speech clear. The three ways to end a speech are the same as the three ways to begin a speech. That is with a <u>Story</u>, <u>Statement</u> or <u>Question</u>.

#### What can you do to support your child at home?

- Teach your child the difference between a speech and a performance.
- Help your child select a topic based on his/her interests.
- Help your child make connections between themselves, others and the world in general.
- Assist with writing out the speech and using palm cards (especially for impromptus).
- Practice (but not too much).

Education

Public Schools

- Support your child with the goals of the program.
- Help your child develop resilience and a growth mindset.
- Encourage your child to ask for feedback at all stages of the competition.